Mathematic	cal Development Week: 2 Topic: Counting backward, forward D	ay: I	Class: N	lursery
Learning	Activity Plan/Methodology	Time:40	Assessment	Resources
Outcomes		minutes	of Learning	
	Recap: Students will be asked to reinforced numbers from 0 to 20 while reading them through flashcards.	5 mins		Flashcards
Upon the	We Are Learning to: Identify forward and backward counting I-10 and write it.			
completion	What I am looking for: How well you identify forward and backward counting I-IO and write it		Students	
of this	Gained skill: It helps us to enhance our counting, cognitive and visual skills.		will be	
lesson,	Introduction:		assessed on	
Students	Since the students have already studied the numbers, they will already have an understanding of which			
will be	number comes before and which one comes after . Tell your students that you are going to learn/practice	5 mins		
able to:	how to count forward or backwards. First, ask your students to count on their fingers by opening a finger			
	each on a number. Now ask them to close a finger each while counting backwards. After doing this activity		ldentifying	
ldentify	a few times, your students will begin to understand that counting backwards means the same as counting		forward	
forward	one fewer number each time. Give your students the number cards to place them on the stairs or in the		and	
and	floor tiles in order. Read and check the order of numbers from I-10 and then backwards from 10 to 1. Give		backward	
backward	students time to practice jumping up the steps or from one tile to another, counting with each jump, starting		counting	
counting	from I counting forward to ${\sf IO}$ and then counting backwards when jumping back to ${\sf I.}$ Get your counting		I-IO and	
1-10 and	objects. Place the correct number of objects in each tile matching the number card. Jump again from I-10		write it	
write it	and back. Observe the objects in each tile or on each step. What do you notice? Each time you count forward			
	you have one more, each time you count backwards you have one less. https://youtu.be/4LfNI2phMW4			
	Focused task:			
	Inflate 10 balloons, number them from 1 to 10 and hide each balloon in different places. Help your students	25 mins		Balloons
	to find the 10 balloons by giving them hints. Once they have all the 10 balloons, ask them to burst them but			
	in reverse order from 10 to 1. Your students will have a blast while doing this activity.			
	Ask students to open book page no 13. Ask students to look at picture. Tell them that caterpillar is holding			Book pg. no
	numbers I-10. Put your finger on each number one by one and read the numbers together. Now tell another			13 & 17
	caterpillar is holding backward numbers 10-1. Read backward counting with students. Ask students open book			
	pg. no 17. Ask them fill in the missing numbers according to backward and forward. Direct students to			
	write counting. Practice backward & forward counting by asking different questions.	_		
	Wrap up: Read aloud numbers 10 — 1.	5 mins		
	Reflection:			

Mathemati	cal Development Week: 2 Topic: What comes before Day: 2	Class: Nursery		rsery
Learning	Activity Plan/Methodology	Time:40	Assessment	Resources
Outcomes		minutes	of Learning	
	Recap: Students will be asked to reinforce forward and backward counting (1 to 10).	5 mins		Flashcards
Upon the	We Are Learning to: Identify the order of numbers and which number comes before.			
completion	What I am looking for: How well you identify the order of numbers and which number comes before.		Students	
of this	Gained skill: It helps us to enhance our counting, cognitive and visual skills.		will be	
lesson,	Introduction:		assessed on	
Students	Randomly pass out a card with a different number starting with zero to each student in the class. Tell students			
will be	that when you say, "Go!" students should line up in numerical order. Have students look at the number on	5 mins		
able to:	their card. Tell students to think about what numbers come before their number. Say, "Go!" and allow students		ldentifying	
	time to line up in order. Once everyone has lined up in order, have each student call out and hold up their		the order	
ldentify	number, beginning at zero. Frontload vocabulary by asking students to notice which students are before them		of numbers	
the order	in the line. Point out that no one is before zero. Collect the number cards and have students return to their		and which	
of	spots on the rug. Paste some numbers on board e.g. 3, 6, 9, and tell the meaning of before number by asking		number	
numbers	which number comes before 3, what comes before 6. Repeat this process for each number from 1 to 10,		comes	
and	encouraging the students to participate. https://youtu.be/TOGjBnjTy9Q		before.	
which	Focused task:			
number	Use props or pictures to represent the numbers before I to IO. For example, for '2,' you could use two apples,			numbers
comes	for '3,' three toy cars, and so on. Show the props or pictures to the students and ask them to identify the	25 mins		flashcards
before.	number. Ask questions like, "What number comes before the two apples?" Encourage the students to respond			
	with "I." Repeat this activity with all students.			
	Ask students to open book pg. no 14. Ask them tell the name of picture. Ask them there are some number plants			Book pg. no
	in garden. Write missing numbers. Ask students to count numbers in sequence to fill in the missing ones. Sing			4
	counting song I-10 before the activity. Give them a set amount of time to complete the task and monitor their			
	progress, ensuring that they complete each number without eliminating their pencil from the page. Roam around			
	in the class and help students to complete the task.	_		
	Wrap up: Write numbers on board and ask them which number come before?	5 mins		
	Reflection:			Book pg. no
	Homework: Do the book pg. no 16.			16

Mathematic	al Development	Week: 2	Topic: What comes between	Day: 3	Cla	iss: Nursery
Learning	•	Activity Pl	lan/Methodology	Time:40	Assessment	Resources
Outcomes		·		minutes	of Learning	
	Recap: Write numbers	on board and ask them whi	ich number come before?	5 mins		Flashcards
Upon the	We Are Learning to: lo	dentify the order of number	rs and which number comes between.			
completion	What I am looking for	: How well you identify the	order of numbers and which number comes between.		Students	
of this	Cained skill: It helps us	s to enhance our counting, co	ognitive and visual skills.		will be	
lesson,	Introduction:				assessed on	
Students	Gather up some toys.	You will need 3. Stuffed o	animals, toy people, cars, or any toy that you can pr	etend		
will be	wants to move, works v	vell. Line them up as if the	ey are going somewhere. For animals, set a bowl in fro	ont of 5 mins		
able to:	the first one and tell	your students they are all	going to the bowl to get a drink. This helps your stu	idents	ldentifying	
	understand their position	onal relationship by understo	anding the first one in line will come before the others	to get	the order	
ldentify	a drink. Tell the stud	ents the position of the toys	s using the words before, between and after. Talk to	them	of numbers	
the order	about who will arrive of	it the bowl first, and explair	n that means he comes "before" the other toys. Next, $\epsilon$	xplain	and which	
of	who will arrive at the	bowl last and explain that	this means the toy comes "after" the others. Explain t	to the	number	
numbers			ı. "Practice lining up the toys in different patterns, m		comes	
and which			Ask students the middle thing is in between. Paste	some	between.	
number	3	3, 6, 9, and ask which nu	ımber is in between? https://youtu_be/BSvnwgsdMas			
comes	Focused task:					
between.		•	ning missing pieces. Ask the students to complete the pu			Numbers
			tween the existing numbers. Encourage them to discuss	their 25 mins		puzzle
	findings and explain wh	9				cards
	, , ,		ie pictures. Ask them write the missing number. Explai			
	activity to students tha	t there are ducks in pond.	Their number are missing. Help them to count in sequ	ience.		Book pg.
	•		plete given sets of number patterns. Give them a set ar			no 15, 18
	·	•	progress, ensuring that they complete each number wi			
	•	from the page. Roam arous	nd in the class and help students to complete the task.			
	Wrap up:					
		rd and ask them which nun	mber come between?	5 mins		
	Reflection:					

Mathematic	al Development Week: 2 Topic: Number names one to five	Day: 4	Class: N	ursery
Learning	Activity Plan/Methodology	Time:40	Assessment	Resources
Outcomes		minutes	of Learning	
	Recap: Students will be asked to reinforced numbers from 0 to 20 while reading them through flashcards	. 5 mins		
Upon the	We Are Learning to: Identify and learn number in words (one to five).			Flashcards
completion	What I am looking for: How well you identify and learn number in words (one to five).		Students	
of this	Cained skill: It helps us to enhance our counting, cognitive and visual skills.		will be	
lesson,	Introduction:		assessed on	
Students	Students have already learnt the concept of numbers and have learnt to write numbers from I–IO. Ask stud	ents		
will be	Number Names are the spellings of the names of each Numeral. For example, I is spelled as 'one' and	+ is	ldentifying	
able to:	spelled as 'four' etc. They are also called as 'Number Words'. Start off with teaching students to write num	pers 5 mins	and learn	
	(I-5) in words. Write the spellings on board with their numerals. Repeat spelling of numbers I-5 again	and	number in	
ldentify	again. Distribute number in digits and number in words flashcards. Say a number, the student who has	the	words (one	
and learn	number in digits and the one who has that number in words on his/her flashcards, both will get up (e.g. tl	iree	to five)	
number in	and 3). Tell the students they can simply learn the spelling by using simple tricks such as a breaking up	the		
words (one	words into syllables and by writing them again and again. Keep repeating the spellings of numbers (1–5) $^{-5}$	in		
to five)	class. https://youtu.be/7J46WpaX9Aw			
	Focused task:			
	Write the number 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 on small chits and put them in a basket. Now, call students one by one f			
	the class and ask them to pick a chit from the basket and match with the numbers in words written on			flashcards
	board. Tell students to read the numbers and spellings aloud. Now ask, what comes after 2? The students			
	answer 3. Write down the spelling of the number 2 and 3 on the board again. Repeat this activity with	all		
	students one by one.			
	Ask students to open book pg. no 2. Ask students read the number spellings and count the objects. Ask the			book pg.
	tell the name of objects also. Read the spellings again and again loudly with all students to learn the spelli			no 2
	Help students to learn numbers with their names and their spellings.	5 mins		
	Wrap up:			
	Students will be asked to read aloud spellings of numbers $(I - 5)$ collectively.			
	Reflection:			

Mathemati	cal Development Week: 2 Topic: Number names six to ten Day: 5		Class:	Nursery
Learning	Activity Plan/Methodology	Time:40	Assessment	Resources
Outcomes		minutes	of Learning	
	Recap: Students will be asked to reinforced numbers from I to 5 while reading them through flashcards and	5 mins		
Upon the	asked the spellings of (1, 2, 3, 4, 5).			Flashcards
completion	We Are Learning to: Identify and learn number in words (six to ten).		Students	
of this	What I am looking for: How well you identify and learn number in words (six to ten).		will be	
lesson,	Gained skill: It helps us to enhance our counting, cognitive and visual skills.		assessed on	
Students	Introduction:			
will be	Ask the students to sit in a circle in pairs. Show the chart of '6, 7, 8, 9, 10 numbers and write them as		ldentifying	
able to:	words on the board. Show flashcards of number words six, seven, eight, nine, ten and ask the students to	5 mins	and learn	
	repeat the names after you. Display flashcards for numbers and number names, and blocks. Ask a pair to pick		number in	
ldentify	up the number 6 number card, its number name card, and six blocks. Invite other student to repeat the activity		words (six	
and learn	with numbers from 6, 7, 8, 9, 10. You can also cut the chart paper in four pieces and write one number on		to ten).	
number in	it in words. Put up the chart in the class so that students can learn the spelling. Tell students that the numbers			
words (six	can be learnt easily by breaking them up in syllables. Divide the class into groups of four/five. Give each group			
to ten)	some pieces of paper with the syllables of numbers written on them. Ask the students to join the syllables to			
	make complete words. https://youtu.be/BjdgCnbaTi8			
	Focused task: Provide the Number Puzzles on each table. These Number Puzzles are made up of three things	٥٦ .		Number
	— The Number, The Number Name and the Number Quantity. Shuffle all the puzzle pieces from 6 to 10 —	25 mins		puzzles
	do it in the order of increment of 5 at a time. Once the students master 5 number names, then do next 5			
	and add them to the previous 5 number names. Ask the students to start with numbers, it's name and then			
	the quantity it represents.			
	Ask students to open book pg. no 3. Ask students read the number spellings and count the objects. Ask them tell the name of objects also. Read the spellings again and again loudly with all students to learn the spellings.			Book pg.
	Help students to learn numbers with their names and their spellings. Repeat the spellings with students to			no 3
	memorize them.			110 0
	Wrap up: Students will be asked to read aloud spellings of numbers $(6 - 10)$ collectively.	5 mins		
	Reflection:	Jimis		
	refrection.			Book pg.
	Homework: Do the book pg. no 5			no 5
	1 Million N. Do wise book pg. 100 0			100 0